RESOLUTION IN SUPPORT OF
THE CONFERENCE OF CHIEF JUSTICES’ RESOLUTION 6:
IN SUPPORT OF THE REVISED INTERSTATE COMPACT FOR THE
PLACEMENT OF CHILDREN

The National Council of Juvenile and Family Court Judges’ (NCJFCJ) endorses the Conference of Chief Justices’ (CJJ) Resolution 6, In Support of the Revised Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children (ICPC).

CCJ’s Resolution 6 is consistent with Resolutions adopted by the NCJFCJ Membership in 1996, 2003, and 2004 supporting ICPC recommendations and federal legislation; supporting ongoing education concerning “best practice” principles, for judges, lawyers, and social workers in accordance with the ICPC; urging federal, state and territorial governments to evaluate and improve laws, policies, procedures and practices governing the interstate placement of children; encouraging the CCJ to recognize the need for the timely disposition of requests for approval of interstate placements; and in 2007 urging states to enact the ICPC, recognizing that delays in the ICPC process are harmful to children awaiting placement and making recommendations for action.

The NCJFCJ joins the Conference of Chief Justices in supporting the revisions to the ICPC which defines the children covered by the ICPC; clarifies that the retention of jurisdiction means the authority of the courts and judicial officers to take and decide cases; adds additional circumstances in which a sending court has authority to terminate jurisdiction; and clarifies financial responsibility for services.

The NCJFCJ supports the Conference of Chief Justices in encouraging state court leadership to work with the legislative and executive branches in their jurisdictions to successfully adopt the revised ICPC; and supports representatives from the conference of Chief Justices and the Conference of State Court Administrators serving as ex officio members on the Interstate Commission.

Adopted by the NCJFCJ Board of Directors

March 17, 2018
CONFERECE OF CHIEF JUSTCES

Resolution 6

In Support of the Revised Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children

WHEREAS, the Conference of Chief Justices recognizes that when a child in foster care cannot return safely home, the child deserves a placement that is best for that child; and

WHEREAS, in our increasingly mobile society, the most appropriate placements for children may not be in the child’s home state; and

WHEREAS, the opioid epidemic is putting an unprecedented strain on the foster care system in many states resulting in delays in the interstate placement of foster children and requiring an immediate response; and

WHEREAS, the Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children (ICPC) was initially adopted in 1960 to ensure protection of and services for children who are placed across state lines for foster care and adoption; and

WHEREAS, in many cases problems exist with the implementation of the ICPC and the understanding of the ICPC by the judges, lawyers, and social workers involved with these cases; and

WHEREAS, children waiting to be placed with an adoptive family, relative, or foster parent in another State frequently spend more time waiting for this to occur than children who are placed in the same State; and

WHEREAS, the American Public Human Services Administrators (APHSA) (the ICPC Secretariat) undertook an effort to revise the ICPC taking into consideration state experiences since 1960 and input provided by a broad range of external entities, including representatives of state courts; and

WHEREAS, as a result of this effort, a proposed revision of the ICPC is and will be considered by state legislatures for adoption and 35 states must adopt the revised ICPC before it is effective, and currently twelve states have adopted the revised ICPC; and

WHEREAS, the proposed revision of the ICPC resolves a number of the problems that have impeded expeditious inter-jurisdictional placements in the past by:
  • Clearly defining the children covered by the ICPC;
• Clarifying that the retention of jurisdiction means the authority of the courts and
judicial officers to take and decide cases;
• Adding additional circumstances in which a sending court has authority to terminate
jurisdiction; and
• Clarifying financial responsibility for services; and

WHEREAS, although the proposed revision of the ICPC offers improvements, many of the
implementation details are left to an Interstate Commission that will be comprised of
representatives of the ICPC member states; and

WHEREAS, it is critical that state courts have a strong voice in the development of any rules and
regulations to ensure the implementation of the proposed revision of the ICPC is
effective;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Conference of Chief Justices supports the proposed
revision of the ICPC and urges states, territories, and the District of Columbia to adopt
the proposed revision; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Conference of Chief Justices encourages state court
leadership to work with the legislative and executive branches in their jurisdictions to
successfully adopt the revised ICPC; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Conference of Chief Justices urges APHSA to include
a representative from the Conference of Chief Justices and the Conference of State Court
Administrators as ex officio non-voting members on the Interstate Commission.

Adopted as proposed by the CCJ/COSCA Courts, Children, and Families Committee at the 2018